

GHS Sorted Past Paper - MC

S5-02 Inequalities in One Unknown

1. [20 - 21 S5 Final Exam - 08] (59%)

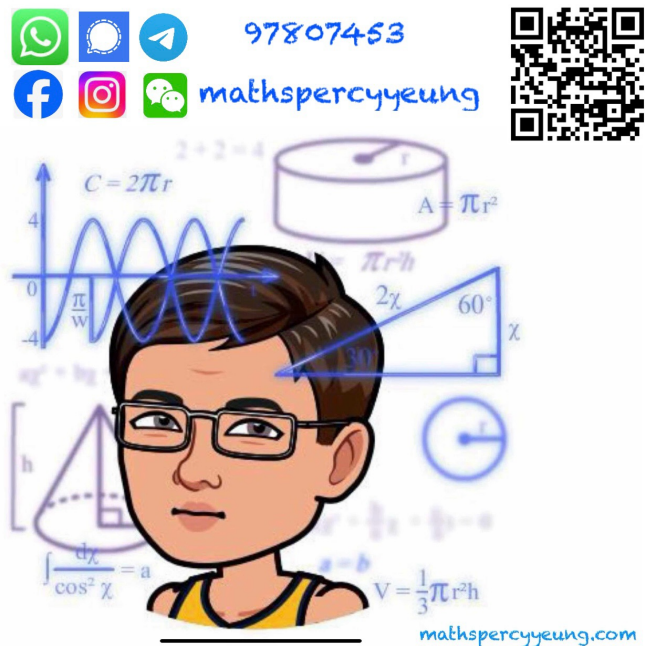
8. The solution of $x - \frac{x-1}{3} > 5$ or $13 - x < -1$ is
- A. $x > 7$.
 - B. $x > 8$.
 - C. $x > 12$.
 - D. $x > 14$.

2. [20 - 21 S5 Final Exam - 41] (34%)

41. Let k be an integer. Find the number of possible values of k such that $-x^2 + kx + 5x + k < 0$ for any real number x .
- A. 8
 - B. 9
 - C. 10
 - D. 11

3. [20 - 21 S5 Mid-year Exam - 07] (76%)

7. The solution of $\frac{5x-1}{6} > 4$ or $11 < 3 - 2(5 - x)$ is
- A. $x > 5$.
 - B. $x > 9$.
 - C. $5 < x < 9$.
 - D. $x < 5$ or $x > 9$.



4. [20 - 21 S5 Mid-year Exam - 08] (74%)

8. If 1 is a root of the quadratic equation $x^2 + 4x + m = 0$, solve $x^2 + 4x + m < 27$.

- A. $x < -8$ or $x > 4$
- B. $x < -4$ or $x > 8$
- C. $-8 < x < 4$
- D. $-4 < x < 8$

5. [21 - 22 S5 Final Exam - 05] (62%)

5. How many non-negative integers satisfy $-29 \leq 6y - 5 < 4y + 1$?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

6. [21 - 22 S5 Mid-year Exam - 10] (94%)

10. The solution of $3x - 7 \geq 5x$ or $6x - 8 > x + 4$ is

- A. $x \leq -\frac{7}{2}$.
- B. $x \leq \frac{12}{5}$.
- C. $-\frac{7}{2} \leq x < \frac{12}{5}$.
- D. $x \leq -\frac{7}{2}$ or $x > \frac{12}{5}$.

7. [21 - 22 S5 Mid-year Exam - 16] (42%)

16. If a and b are real numbers such that $\frac{a}{b} > 1$, which of the following must be true?

- I. $a > b$
- II. $a^2 > b^2$
- III. $a^2 > ab$

- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II and III

8. [22 - 23 S5 Final Exam - 08] (80%)

8. The solution of $2x - 9 > -x - 3$ or $7 - 5x \geq -3$ is

- A. $x \leq 2$.
- B. $x > 2$.
- C. $x \neq 2$.
- D. all real values of x .

9. [22 - 23 S5 Final Exam - 42] (42%)

42. Let k be a constant. Find the range of values of k such that $-x^2 + 2kx - k < 0$ for any real number x .

- A. $k < 0$ or $k > 1$
- B. $k < -1$ or $k > 0$
- C. $0 < k < 1$
- D. $-1 < k < 0$

10. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 16] (79%)

16. If $h < k < 0$, which of the following must be true?

- I. $-h + k > 0$
- II. $h^2 < k^2$
- III. $h^3 < k^3$

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only

11. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 17] (70%)

17. The least positive integer satisfying the compound inequality $2(x + 7) > 12$ or $x < 4$ is

- A. 0.
- B. 1.
- C. 2.
- D. 3.

12. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 31] (46%)

31. Solve $28x - 4x^2 < 49$.

- A. No solution.
- B. $x = 3.5$.
- C. $x < 3.5$ or $x > 3.5$.
- D. All real values of x .

13. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 32] (51%)

32. Let k be a constant. Find the range of values of k such that $0.25x^2 - (k - 1)x + (2k^2 - 7) > 0$ for any real number x .

- A. $-4 < k < 2$
- B. $-2 < k < 4$
- C. $k < -4$ or $k > 2$
- D. $k < -2$ or $k > 4$

14. [23 - 24 S5 Mid-year Exam - 20] (36%)

20. Let k be a constant. Find the range of values of k such that $x^2 - 2kx + k + 3 \geq -9$ for any real number x .

- A. $k \leq -4$ or $k \geq 3$
- B. $k \leq -3$ or $k \geq 4$
- C. $-4 \leq k \leq 3$
- D. $-3 \leq k \leq 4$

15. [20 - 21 S6 Mock Exam - 15] (76%)

15. The solution of $-3(x-1) > 26$ or $\frac{x+1}{2} < -3$ is

- A. $x < -\frac{23}{3}$.
- B. $x > -\frac{23}{3}$.
- C. $x < -7$.
- D. $-\frac{23}{3} < x < -7$.

16. [21 - 22 S6 Mock Exam - 09] (82%)

9. The greatest integer satisfying the compound inequality $-2(x-3) + 5 > 13$ or $\frac{9-x}{6} > 1$ is

- A. -21 .
- B. -2 .
- C. 1 .
- D. 2 .

17. [21 - 22 S6 Mock Exam - 37] (36%)

37. Find the range of values of m such that $2x^2 + 2(m-1)x + m + 3 \geq 0$ for all real values of x .

- A. $m \leq -5$ or $m \geq 1$
- B. $m \leq -1$ or $m \geq 5$
- C. $-5 \leq m \leq 1$
- D. $-1 \leq m \leq 5$

18. [21 - 22 S6 Standardized Test - 03] (82%)

3. The solution of $-7x < 6 - 4x$ or $5(x + 1) > 21 + x$ is

- A. $x > -2$.
- B. $x > 4$.
- C. $-2 < x < 4$.
- D. $x < -2$ or $x > 4$.

19. [22 - 23 S6 Mock Exam - 09] (82%)

9. The solution of $\frac{3-4x}{5} \geq -x+1$ or $2x-1 > -5$ is

- A. $x > -2$.
- B. $x < -2$.
- C. $x \geq 2$.
- D. $x \leq 2$.

20. [22 - 23 S6 Standardized Test - 02]

2. The solution of $x - \frac{x+3}{2} > 6-x$ or $3-x < -4$ is

- A. $x < 5$.
- B. $x > 5$.
- C. $x < 7$.
- D. $x > 7$.

21. [22 - 23 S6 Standardized Test - 08]

8. Let k be a constant. Find the ranges of values of k such that $x^2 + kx - k + 3 > 0$ for all real number x .

- A. $-6 < k < 2$
- B. $-2 < k < 6$
- C. $k < -6$ or $k > 2$
- D. $k < -2$ or $k > 6$

22. [23 - 24 S6 Mock Exam - 09] (59%)

9. Solve $\frac{1}{5}(3x + 8) > 1$ or $5 - x \geq 2$.

- A. $x < -1$ or $x \geq 3$
- B. $-1 < x \leq 3$
- C. All real values of x .
- D. There is no real solution.

23. [23 - 24 S6 Standardized Test - 04] (98%)

4. The solutions of $9x > 3(2x + 5)$ and $51 - 4x > 7$ are

- A. $x > 5$.
- B. $x < 11$.
- C. $5 < x < 11$.
- D. $x < 5$ or $x > 11$.

24. [23 - 24 S6 Standardized Test - 13] (56%)

13. Let $f(x) = (-x - 3)^2 - 16$. Which of the following statements must be true?

- I. The y -intercept of the graph of $y = f(x)$ is -16 .
- II. The x -coordinate of the vertex of the graph of $y = f(x)$ is -3 .
- III. The solution of $f(x) < 0$ is $-7 < x < 1$.

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only

GHS Sorted Past Paper - Conventional Questions

S5-02 Inequalities in One Unknown

1. [20 - 21 S5 Final Exam - 04]

4. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both

$$\frac{5(x-3)}{4} + 9 \geq 7(x-5) \text{ and } x+5 > 0.$$

- (b) How many negative integers satisfy both inequalities in (a)?

(4 marks)

2. [20 - 21 S5 Final Exam - 15]

15. It is given that the base and the height of a triangle are $(k-8)$ cm and $(3k+5)$ cm respectively, where k is an integer. If the area of the triangle is greater than 16 cm^2 . Find the minimum value of k .

(3 marks)

3. [20 - 21 S5 Mid-year Exam - 03]

3. (a) Solve the inequality $-2(x+4) \geq \frac{7x+3}{9}$.

- (b) How many integer(s) satisfy both inequalities $-2(x+4) \geq \frac{7x+3}{9}$ and $8x+32 > 0$?

(4 marks)

4. [21 - 22 S5 Final Exam - 04] (85%)

4. Consider the compound inequality

$$-5(x-3) \geq x+3 \quad \text{or} \quad 4x < -32 \quad \dots\dots\dots (*)$$

- (a) Solve (*).

- (b) Write down the greatest integer satisfying (*).

(4 marks)

5. [21 - 22 S5 Mid-year Exam - 06] (87%)

6. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both $5(x-3) \leq \frac{x+8}{2}$ and $9-2x > 5$.

- (b) Write down the greatest integer satisfying both inequalities in (a).

(4 marks)

6. [21 - 22 S5 Mid-year Exam - 16] (36%)

16. The height, the lower base and the upper base of a trapezium are $(x+1)$ m, $(2x+3)$ m and $(15-x)$ m respectively, where x is an integer. If the area of the trapezium is at least 130 m^2 , find the possible value(s) of x . **(4 marks)**

7. [22 - 23 S5 Final Exam - 04] (89%)

4. Solve the compound inequality $\frac{2(4x+1)}{3} - 6 > 4(x-1)$ and $x+4 \geq 0$. **(3 marks)**

8. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 07] (82%)

7. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both

$$\frac{4(2-x)}{3} - 1 > 2x + 5 \quad \text{and} \quad 2x + 11 \geq 0$$

- (b) How many negative integers satisfy both inequalities in (a)?

(4 marks)

9. [22 - 23 S5 Mid-year Exam - 17] (58%)

17. Solve the compound inequality

$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x > 8 \quad \text{or} \quad (2x+1)(x+1) < 21$$

(5 marks)

10. [23 - 24 S5 Mid-year Exam - 04] (97%)

4. Consider the compound inequality

$$4x+1 \leq \frac{x+16}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad 5x \geq 2x-9 \quad \dots\dots\dots(*) .$$

- (a) Solve (*).

- (b) How many negative integers satisfy (*)?

(4 marks)

11. [24 - 25 S5 Mid-year Exam - 04] (95%)

4. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both $\frac{2x-1}{4} - 1 \leq 3x$ and $2x-1 > 5$.

- (b) Write down the least integer satisfying both inequalities in (a).

(4 marks)

12. [24 - 25 S5 Mid-year Exam - 17] (61%)

17. The length and the width of a rectangle are $(2x - 9)$ cm and $(x - 5)$ cm respectively. If the area of the rectangle is less than 21 cm^2 , find the number of possible integral values of x .

(3 marks)

13. [20 - 21 S6 Mock Exam - 04]

4. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both $\frac{-5-5x}{6} < 3(x+1)$ and $2x-7 < 0$.

(b) Write down the least integer which satisfies both inequalities in (a). **(4 marks)**

14. [21 - 22 S6 Mock Exam - 04] (94%)

4. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both $5(x-3) \leq \frac{x+6}{2}$ and $2-x < 5$.

(b) How many positive integers satisfy both inequalities in (a)? **(4 marks)**

15. [22 - 23 S6 Mock Exam - 04] (94%)

4. (a) Find the range of values of x which satisfy both $\frac{2x+6}{3} < 2(x+5)$ and $5x+15 \leq 0$.

(b) Write down the least integer which satisfies both inequalities in (a). **(4 marks)**

16. [23 - 24 S6 Mock Exam - 04] (86%)

4. Consider the compound inequality

$$2x+3 > \frac{1}{6}(8x+5) \text{ and } 5x+12 \geq 0 \quad \dots\dots\dots (*)$$

(a) Solve (*).

(b) Write down the least integer satisfying (*).

(4 marks)