

MATHEMATICS

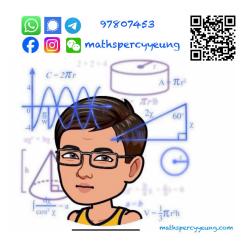
Question-Answer Book

23rd April, 2018 8:15 am – 9:15 am (1 hour)

This paper must be answered in English

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your name, class and class number in the spaces provided on this cover.
- 2. Attempt ALL questions in this paper. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question Answer Book.
- 3. Unless otherwise specified, all working must be clearly shown and numerical answers should be either exact or correct to 3 significant figures.
- 4. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.

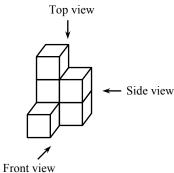


| Section | Marks |
|------------|-------|
| A (1 - 2) | /8 |
| A (3 - 11) | /42 |
| A Total | /50 |
| B Total | /20 |
| TOTAL | /70 |

Section A: (50 marks)

| In the figure, AOB is a sector with centre O and radius 16 m. C is a point on OB such that $OC = AC$. It is given that $OC = 10$ m. (a) Find $\angle AOB$. | In the figure, find the values of $\sin \theta$, $\cos \theta$ a | (3 ma | |
|--|---|---------------|---------|
| In the figure, AOB is a sector with centre O and radius $16 \text{ m. } C$ is a point on OB such that $OC = AC$. It is given that $OC = 10 \text{ m.}$ (a) Find $\angle AOB$. (b) Find the area of the shaded region. | | | 34 / 31 |
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| (a) Find ∠AOB. (b) Find the area of the shaded region. | | | |
| (b) Find the area of the shaded region. (5 marks) | | that OC 10 m. | |
| (5 marks) | | | X X |
| (3 marks) O 16 m | (b) This the area of the shades region. | (5 marks) | |
| | | (5 marks) | O 16 m |
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3. The figure shows a solid formed by some identical cubes. Draw the orthographic projections of the solid.

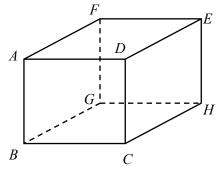


(4 marks)

| | Fro | nt v | iew | То | p vie | ew | Sic | le vi | ew | |
|--|-----|------|-----|----|-------|----|-----|-------|----|--|
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- 4. In the figure, *ABCDEFGH* is a cuboid.
 - (a) Name the angle between line BD and plane ADEF.
 - (b) Name the angle between line AH and plane CDEH.
 - (c) Name the angle between planes ABGF and ADEF.
 - (d) Name the angle between planes ADEF and BCEF.

(4 marks)



| (a) Find <i>DE</i>.(b) Find ∠<i>BAC</i>. | | | | 419 | E |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| | | (4 ma | arks) | D | |
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| | | | <i>D</i> | 13 | CIII |
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| In the figure, <i>EAB</i> | is a straight line. | ABCD is a paralle | elogram. <i>EC</i> | intersects A | 1D at F. EB = |
| | | | elogram. <i>EC</i> | intersects A | 1D at F. EB = |
| | | ABCD is a parallo | elogram. <i>EC</i> | - | 1D at F. EB = |
| | | | | - | 1D at F. EB = |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{y}$ |
| In the figure, EAB and $\angle BAD = 128^{\circ}$. | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |
| | | | | E | AD at F . $EB = \frac{F}{C}$ |

| |) Find the height of the p) Find the volume of the | | (5 mark | s) | | |
|----|---|----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| | | | (5 mark | s) | // | 1,1- |
| | | | | | / ' | |
| | | | | | D_{I} | |
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| | | | | A | 16 cm | B N |
| | | | | | | <i>D</i> |
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| pı | risms P and Q are 128 cn | | respectively. | | | |
| | area = | = 32 cm ² | | area = y cm² | | |
| | | < 1. |) | | 1 | |
| | | P | | (| Q | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| (2 | a) Find the ratio of the b | ase diameter | of prism P to | that of prism | n <i>Q</i> . | |
| • | b) Find the value of y. | | 1 | 1 | ~ | |
| (ι | b) Tind the value of y. | | | | | (5 |
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| Sandy has a paper sector AOB as shown in the figure. The radius of the | sector is 17 cm |
|---|------------------|
| Reflex $\angle AOB = 216^{\circ}$. By joining OA and OB together, the sector is folded | d to form a righ |
| circular cone. | В |
| (a) Find the base radius of the cone. | (3 marks) |
| (b) Find the volume of the cone, correct to the nearest integer. | (3 marks) |
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9.

| l) | Show that $\triangle ABC$ is a right-angled triangle. | | A(4, 8) |
|------------|---|-----------|---------|
|) | Find the area of $\triangle ABC$. | | |
| , | | (5 marks) | B(-2,2) |
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| 11. | In tl | the figure, PQ is a diameter of the circle. | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) | Find the coordinates of the centre of the circle. | 24.7 | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | It is given that $R(-5, 7)$ and S are the end points of the | Q (1, 7) | | | | | | | |
| | | diameter RS of the circle. Find the coordinates of S . | | | | | | | | |
| | | (5 marks) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | P (-5, 3) | | | | | | | |
| | | | $\longrightarrow x$ | | | | | | | |
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Section B: (20 marks)

| 12. | The (a) (b) | | (3 marks) |
|-----|-------------|--|-----------|
| | | → () | |
| | | (i) Find the radius of each small sphere. | |
| | | (ii) Find the increase in the total surface area in terms of π . | |
| | | | (7 marks) |
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| 13. | In the figure, L_1 is the straight line passing through $A(6, 2)$ and $B(8, 1)$. It cuts the x-a | axis at C. |
|-----|---|------------------------|
| | (a) Find the slope of I | (2 mortes) |
| | (a) Find the slope of L₁.(b) Find the coordinates of C. | (2 marks) (4 marks) |
| | (c) Given that D is a point on the x -axis so that $AD \perp L_1$, find the coordinates of D . | (i mariis) |
| | | (4 marks) |
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| | End of Paper | |